

# RAINBOW GETAWAYS



PREMIER LGBTQ TRAVEL CONCIERGE

## FIJI

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HISTORY



# HISTORY



There are over 3,500 years of native history on the more than 300 islands that make up the Pacific island nation. The history of Fiji, as we know it, starts in the late 17th century and the early 18th century. Beginning in the 1640s, sailors began to pass by and briefly land on these islands. As far as history is concerned, it is accepted that Fiji was "discovered" by the world in 1789 by Captain William Bligh.



# IN THE BEGINNING

The first Europeans to credited with landing on Fiji were runaway convicts from the Australian penal colonies as well as sailors from around the world. In the mid-19th century, missionaries began traveling to the island to bring Christianity to the native people. One of the issues that visitors found on Fiji was plenty of tribal fighting for power on the islands.



# FIJI'S INDEPENDENCE

That tribal fighting finally gave way to Fiji yielding to rule by the United Kingdom in 1874. Governor Sir Arthur Gordon was the first British governor on the island. He implemented the plantation system to grow sugar cane on the island as a way to create an economy on the islands of Fiji. With this system, he also brought in the Australian Sugar Refining Company to export and sell the sugar they grew.

After 100-years of British rule, Fiji gained its' independence on October 10, 1974. One of the essential parts of the Fijian economy is tourism.







MONEY





The Fijian dollar is the currency of the island nation of Fiji.







# CREDIT CARDS

Most major credit cards are widely accepted at the large hotels, many restaurants, and shopping centers on the island. What is nice is that the U.S. dollar is also accepted at many places on the islands as well.

# ATM

There are ATMs available all over the island. Also, some banks will offer travelers currency exchange and travelers check services, including the Westpac Bank, the Colonial National Bank, and the ANZ Bank.



# HELPFUL INFO



# CLIMATE

Fiji is located within what is considered to be the heart of the South Pacific. Fiji is characterized by the stunning sites, from the white sand beaches and luscious lagoons to the rainforests in the interior of the islands. There are two seasons; the wet and the dry seasons.

Fiji experiences warm weather that averages around 86-degrees Fahrenheit year-round. Late March to early December is the most popular times for tourists, but in all actuality, there is no wrong time to visit. Afternoon rains during the wet season can be a nice break from the heat. It all depends on what you are looking to do and the type of weather you are looking to encounter.

# ELECTRICITY

The electrical system on the islands is set up just as they are in New Zealand and Australia. They have the 3-pin outlets. Major hotels and resorts will be able to provide universal outlets for their guests.







# TECHNOLOGY & COMMUNICATION

Technology has not escaped the islands of Fiji. Internet, email, and phone service is available in most areas on the islands of Fiji. As with anywhere, you are going to have dead spots, but you are not going to be cut off. There are local mobile networks that provide excellent service. Travelers can set up roaming status before they land and after they land as well. Large hotels can provide internet service for travelers. There are also plenty of internet cafes for travelers to take advantage of as well.

# INFRASTRUCTURE & TRANSPORT

There is plenty of access to public transportation on the main islands. There are buses, trucks, taxis, and ferries for travelers to take advantage of. They will also be able to rent a car as well. 90% of the roads on the islands of Fiji are located on the two main islands, so that needs to be taken into account. For island hopping between the islands, charter planes and boats will be the best options.

There are two domestic airlines that provide services to Fiji. In all honesty, when you are looking to travel between the islands and to the smaller outlying islands, boating and yachting are the best ways to do that.







# IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY

In the case of an emergency, there are numbers for fire, police, and ambulance services.

Police: 917

Ambulance: 910/911

Fire: 910/911

## LANGUAGE

On the islands of Fiji, English is the official language, but many speak Hindustani as well.







# LGBTQ TRAVEL

LGBTQ travelers to Fiji will find legal protections against discrimination, and our right to privacy is protected by the Fiji constitution. While the country is religiously conservative, there have been very few hate crimes specifically tied to homosexuality. Generally speaking, Fiji welcomes all tourists, but everyone should be mindful of public displays of affection.

## RELIGION

The multicultural nature of Fiji is represented in the variety of different faiths present. There are followers of Roman Catholicism, Hinduism, Islam, as well as those of the Wesleyan denomination as well as other protestant denominations.







# GETTING THERE

The Nadi International Airport, located on the island of Viti Levu, is the main airport servicing Fiji. There are a few other smaller airports that service the country on some of the smaller islands. Flights to Fiji can be boarded in Australia, New Zealand, Asia, and the United States from multiple cities.

Australia: Melbourne, Sydney, Adelaide, and Brisbane

New Zealand: Christchurch, Wellington, and Auckland

Asia: Tokyo, Hong Kong, and Singapore

United States: Los Angeles, San Francisco, and Honolulu



THE  
EXPERIENCE



# CULTURE

This Pacific Island nation has become a melting pot. The cultural makeup of Fijians includes the native Fijians, Chinese, Europeans, and Indo-Fijians. This melting pot was created during its time under the rule of the United Kingdom. During this time, slave labor was brought in from India and other areas to work on the sugar cane plantations.

The people of Fiji are modest, and visitors should be mindful of dressing modestly when not at the resorts or hotels. There are also certain customs that visitors should be aware of if they plan to visit local villages. For example, they will want to avoid wearing hats as it can be seen as an insult to the head of the village. Also, shaking hands, answering personal questions, and presenting specific gifts to the head of the village can be expected as well.

## BUCKET LIST

Coral Coast

The Yasawa Islands

Nadi

Mamanuca Islands

Suva

Taveuni

Pacific Harbor

Kadavu

Lomaiviti Group



# FAMILY TRAVEL HIGHLIGHTS

Firewalking Ceremony

Fiji Museum

Garden of the Sleeping Giant

Kula Wild Adventure Park

Sri Siva Subramaniya Temple

## TOURISM AUTHORITY

Fiji Islands Suite 107

Challenge Plaza Namaka, Nadi

PO Box 9217

Nadi Airport(679) 672-2433

[infodesk@tourismfiji.com.fj](mailto:infodesk@tourismfiji.com.fj)







# FOODS TO TRY

Lovo (banquet meal prepared in an earth oven)

Kokoda (raw fish salad)

Taro

Roti (Fijian flatbread)

Topoi (Fijian Dumplings)

Fish Suruwa (fish curry)

# DRINKS TO TRY

Fiji Beer (various types)

Kava

Fijian Rum

Wines from Australia and New Zealand





RUM Co. of  
LTD



# SOUVENIRS To BUY

Sulu (sarong)  
Lali Drums  
Carved Mask  
Tapa Cloth  
Black Pearl  
Cannibal Fork







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